# Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



62.73



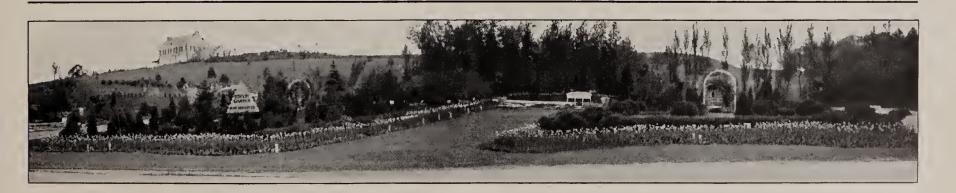
TULIP-TIME AT WEISER PARK

# 1934 FARR'S 1934 Hardy Plant Specialties

# FOR FALL PLANTING



Hemerocallis, Holland Bulbs, Irises, Lilacs, Peonies, Phlox Poppies, and Tree Peonies





Partial view of the Farr Display Garden with Garden-house in the background. The 20,000 Tulips in 120 varieties are the early May feature

# The FARR Display Garden

Includes 5 acres, with a Bulb-Garden, a Perennial Garden, a Rock-Garden, a Rose-Garden, a Lilac-Garden, a Tree Peony Garden, an Iris-Garden, a Peony-Walk, and many other attractive features. These various Gardens permit pleasant and definite study and selection of 1,000 or more plant varieties. The Gardens are open to visitors at all daylight hours. Visitors are not approached unless a desire for service is indicated.

### THREE TYPES OF FARR SERVICE

- 1. The Mail Order Department serves through the medium of this Catalog and personal correspondence.
- 2. The Landscape Department furnishes plans and estimates for the complete garden. See page 3.
- 3. The "Cash & Carry" Department furnishes top-quality plants quickly, freshly, and economically.



During Tulip-time at Weiser Park this touch of Holland is a feature

# To You—Our Employers

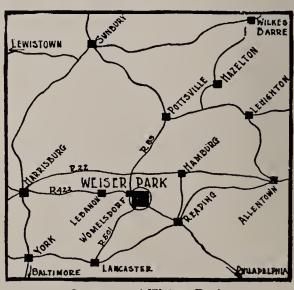
Since we began to sell plants, in 1908, we have regarded our customers as our employers and have tried to please them all accordingly.

For 26 years we have tried to fill every one of a half million orders in a manner which would encourage the customer to order again and to recommend us to friends.

Our reward has been in proportion to our efforts. We have never been unemployed, in spite of wars or depressions, and now, at the close of a gratifying spring season, we are again and especially reminded to thank you all.

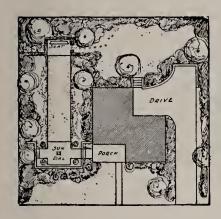
Being duly grateful, you can rest assured that we will continue to regard you as our employers. We will continue to do our level best for you.

Let us know if or whenever we fail to please. We are not perfect and plants are not a "cast-iron" product to handle, but we really want our nursery to continue a healthy growth and improvement and can only do so by meriting, inviting, and receiving your coöperation.



Location of Weiser Park

# Farr Landscape Service



### Design

An incorrect planting arrangement can reduce \$200 worth of plants to a \$50 appearance and will detract from the property, while a skilled arrangement of \$100 worth of plants can easily create a \$500 atmosphere of improvement.

The aim and problem is not to plant plants but to beautify the premises. When furnishing the home it is not a question of ac-

quiring as many picces of furniture as conomically as possible, but of combining good taste with beauty, comfort, and utility. The same principle applies to planting the home-grounds.

Even though you may desire to carry out only a small part of your general planting-scheme each year, it will repay you to work according to well-defined and definitely drawn-up plans.

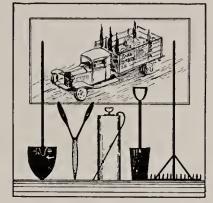
Farr Landscape Service includes design, selection, estimate, delivery, and planting by trained and experienced personnel. You can delegate all details to our Landscape Department with the confidence that thousands of others have done so before you and that each operation is handled in a manner which will encourage continued business and recommendation to your friends. By this service you avoid "the wrong plant in the wrong place."

Call or write us for a personal interview, when our service may be more carefully explained. No charge; no obligation; no continuous solicitation.

### Maintenance

Proper pruning, spraying, and feeding are as important to your garden as is regular lubrication to your car. The longer the post-ponement, the greater the cost.

Improper work is worse than none at all. It requires skill, experience, and training to know, for example, just where and how to prune a plant so that its growth will be improved instead of retarded for several years.

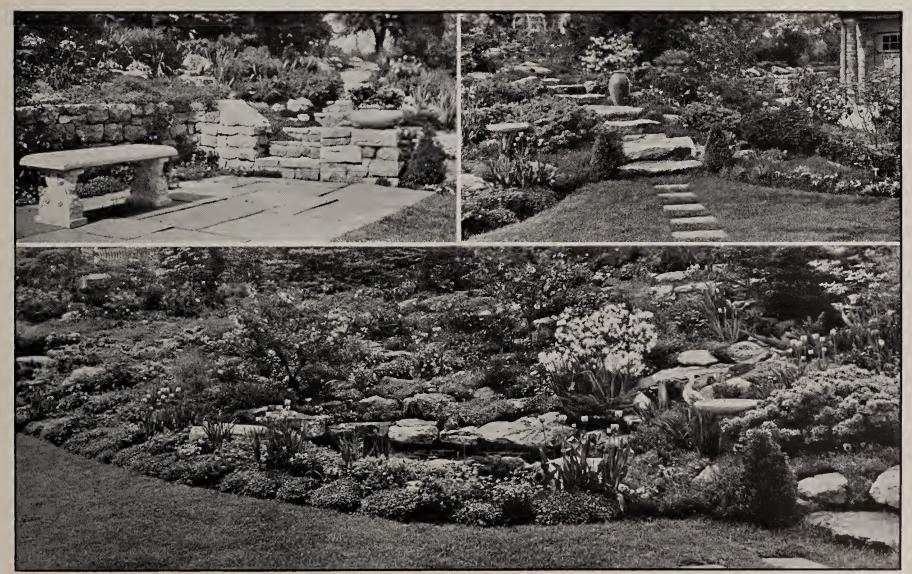


Improper spraying cannot always be detected until it is too late to spray again, or until the plants are ruined.

To provide a dependable maintenance service, we furnish our nursery and planting forcmen for this purpose during the summer and winter months. Each of these men is a full-fledged foreman with from 5 to 16 years' experience. Any one of them can accomplish two or three times as much in a day as the inexperienced, and you will know that the work has been done correctly.

Our 128 acres of nursery operations enable us to maintain a permanent organization. You can count on us for experienced service. Write, phone, or call for further information, without charge or obligation.

The various services, in both design and maintenance, performed by our organization must of necessity be governed by the distance from Weiser Park, by the size of the job, and the total amount involved.



The Bausher Rock-Garden. Partial views of the extensive rock-garden recently designed, developed, and maintained on the premises of Mr. and Mrs. Solon D. Bausher, Reading, Pa., by the Farr Landscape Department







Mikado

Dr. A B
Stout's
New
Hemerocallis







Vesta

# Dr. Stout's Collection

A strong field-grown division of each of these 5 Hemerocallis amounting to \$14 for

\$12·50

Complete

Parcel Post paid if cash with order

# Hemerocallis • The Dependable Lily

Anyone who has tried lilies, other than Regal and Madonna, knows of their mysterious disappearanees and the succession of disappointments which they bring.

Now eomes the hybridist with a new race of Day-Lilies which approach the beauty and fragrance of the bulb lily and comprise the hardiest plant on the garden list.

These new Day-Lilies are being hybridized by Dr. Stout of the New York Botanical Gardens. Varying sizes, seasons, and shades of red, pink, orange, and yellow to cream are included. A selected group of varieties will produce bloom from early May throughout summer and early fall, when the garden is, otherwise, very much at a standstill.

Anna Betscher. (Betseher.) July, August; 3'. A smooth, open, large, light golden yellow flower, deepening in tone at eenter, with broad, glistening and overlapping segments. \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10.

Apricot. (Yeld.) May, June; 2'. Broad, widely open segments of a distinct rich apricot. A fine, early, free-blooming variety. 50 ets. each, \$4 for 10.

Cinnabar. (Stout.) July;  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3'. Fine delieate shade of brownish red; sepals and petals strongly gold-glistening; throat is eadmium-yellow; outer half of petals sprinkled with rich fulvous red. Bloom spreads 5" and is recurving. Up to 18 flowers on one stem. \$2 each, \$17.50 for 10.

NOTE.—Dr. Stout's Hemerocallis are not to be introduced until there are enough plants to support a comparatively low price. Mikado, Soudan, Vesta, and Wau-Bun were catalogued first, and accordingly sold so heavily that it is now apparent they should have been withheld for several more years. Cinnabar, named later, was consequently withheld and the resultant supply permits a lower price.

**Dumortieri.** May, June; 12". Orange-eolored flowers, shaded brown on the outside. The plants, which are dwarf in habit, flower freely early in the season. 50 ets. each, \$4 for 10.

Estmere. (Yeld.) Flowers are medium full, widely spreading, and pale yellowish orange. The somewhat slender scapes spread and bend gracefully from the erown, bringing the flowers into various levels with the greater number in the outer rim of the dome of foliage. The time of blooming conforms elosely to the other Day-Lilies, but in some eases the plants may flower in the early days of May. \$2 each, \$17.50 for 10.

### Grow Hemerocallis

### WHY?

For rare beauty, rich coloring and charming grace of form.

For fragrant display and long-lasting cut-flowers from early May until mid-August.

For unsurpassed hardiness and freedom from disease and insect pests; in most any soil and climate.

For clean and decorative foliage from spring until winter

In the place of lilies which have failed you.

### HOW?

Holes large enough to amply accommodate the roots. Spread roots and work soil around them. Set a bit deeper than ground-mark level of nursery row

### WHERE?

In the perennial background or shrub foreground. As specimens or in beds and masses by themselves; along pools and streams; in sun or semi-shade; in damp or dry locations; in sand or clay.

### Hemerocallis, continued

Flava Major. June, July; 2½'. Large, handsome and very sweet-scented. Free flowering. 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

Fulva Clon. maculata (Tawny Day-Lily). July; 3'. Coppery orange, shaded crimson. Good for naturalizing. 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

Gold Dust. May, June; 2'. A neat, elegant, early and low grower. Empire yellow, reverse bronze. \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Golden Bell. (Wallacc.) June, July; 3'. Trumpct-shaped, pale apricotorange flowers, very full and of fine substance. \$2 cach.

**Gypsy.** (Betscher.) Late July; 4'. Scapes and foliage coarse. Flowers are light orange, full, but not extra large. \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Kwanso fl.-pl. June-August;  $3\frac{1}{2}$ . Large, double, coppery orange flower of great garden value. 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

Middendorffi. Early June; 1½-2′. Scmi-dwarf. Fragrant, pure orange flowers. A fine comparison for late iris. 35 cts. each, \$3 for 10.

Mikado. (Stout.) June, July; 3'. Flowers of a striking color, the large spot of mahogany-red in each petal contrasting sharply with the rich orange of the rest of the flower. \$3 each.

Mrs. A. H. Austin. June, July; 3'. Bright golden yellow, paler at edge; large, smooth, overlapping segments. \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Ophir. (Farr.) July to early August; 50". Mr. Farr's best Hemerocallis. Dark golden yellow flowers 5" across, on stems 3½-4' high. One stem frequently carries 25 or more successively opening giant golden Lilies. Award of Merit, Royal Horticultural Society of England, 1931. \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Royal. July, August; 3-4'. Splendid, yellow, medium-sized flowers. \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Sir Michael Foster. June, July; 3'. The clear yellow flowers, with long, trumpet-shaped throats, measure 5-6" across. \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Sirius. Mid-June; 32". Flowers medium full, of nearly 5 inches spread, rich orange with fulvous tinge. Award of Merit, 1931. \$1.50 each, \$12.50 for 10.

**Sovereign.** June; 20". Semi-dwarf in habit, with pale chrome-yellow flowers, shaded brown on outside. Neat foliage. Award of Merit, R. H. S., 1931. \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Soudan. (Stout.) 2½-3′. Resembles the early Lemon Day-Lily (*H. flava*) but blooms in July. The broad-petaled flowers of clear Empire yellow have wavy margins. Very floriferous and an excellent summer sort. \$3 each.

Tangerine. June; 20". Semi-dwarf; early flowering. Rich orange. Award of Merit, R. H. S., 1931. \$1 each, \$8.50 for 10.

Vesta. (Stout.) July; 30". Deep orange flowers with a glistening gold sheen. Open flowers have a spread of more than 4". Semi-dwarf habit, with fine

foliage. Flower-stems about 8" above the foliage level. Holds up well in hot weather. \$3 each.

Wau-Bun. (Stout.) June, July; 3'. Large flowers of light cadmium-yellow, slightly sprinkled with faint traces of fulvous red, abundantly gold-glistening. Petals are large and broad, with ends slightly twisted, a pleasing characteristic found in no other Day-Lily. \$3 each.

NOTE. In fairness to all concerned we must announce that none of the more recent Stout Hybrids, such as Bijou, Charmaine, Taruga, Theron, Vulcan, etc., will be sold until our stock has increased to the point which permits acceptance of all orders at a price not exceeding \$3. This will not occur before 1936.



The Stout Hybrid Hemerocallis have the added advantage of staying open at night, as cut-flowers or in the garden

### New Book on Hemerocallis

Dr. A. B. Stout, Director of New York Botanical Gardens and Hemerocallis Hybridist, has just published a very interesting and valuable book on Day-Lilies. He gives full descriptions of the various species and practical points on their use and culture. The book contains a number of colored and half-tone plates. Something you will need for reference. 120 pp.

### Price, \$3.00 postpaid

Send cash with order to The Macmillan Company New York City



The Hemerocallis is one of the most hardy and dependable perennials, regardless of soil, weather, or insect conditions

### **Oriental Poppies**

Their desirability requires no emphasis and their culture is limited to average care. Successful shipment can be made only during August which is their peculiar dormant period. As a cut-flower it is necessary to "seal" the stem-tips promptly with flame or scalding water.



Beauty of Livermere. The finest darkest crimson with black blotch. Fine flowers freely produced. 50 cts. each.

Edna Perry. Large, soft salmon-pink flowers. 35 cts. each.

**Joyce.** A soft shade of cerise; quite distinct. 35 cts. each.

Lula A. Neeley. Good strong stems support giant flowers of brilliant and lasting ox-blood-red. This variety is becoming a most popular Poppy in America. 75 cts. each.

Perry's White. The flowers are a fine satiny white with a crimson-maroon blotch at the base of each petal. 50 cts. each.

**Royal Scarlet.** Brilliant scarlet with black blotches. 35 cts. each.

COLLECTION: One each of above (total \$2.80) for \$2.50 "net." Parcel Post prepaid if cash with order

# Farr's Holland Bulbs for 1934

This Bulb List includes only the varieties which are most liked and most ordered by visitors to our Annual Bulb Display, in Weiser Park. More than 100 old and new varieties of Tulips, Narcissi, Hyacinths, etc., have failed to survive our "Display Test" and have been discarded. You can order from this list of bulbs with the assurance that EVERY variety is outstanding and superior.

### When to Plant:

Plant bulbs in this list during October and November—anytime before the ground freezes; for Tulips, the later the better.

### How to Plant:

Plant bulbs in sandy, well-drained soil to a depth equal to three times their own diameter, excepting Lilium candidum, shallower and

Tulipa Clusiana, deeper. Cover beds with straw or hay, but not before ground is solidly and permanently frozen for winter. Remove this mulch in spring when bulb-leaves appear.

### Where to Plant:

In beds by themselves; in the vacant spaces of perennial beds and borders; similarly in rockeries; in front of shrub and foundation plantings; in fact, any place where room exists and soil permits.

# DARWIN TULIPS

Darwin Tulips are superior as cut-flowers, ideal for colorful contrasts in beds and borders, by themselves, or in shrubbery foregrounds here and there. Groups and masses of 25 or more bulbs of one color produce most striking and beautiful effects. They are noted for their splendid form, exquisite colors, tall stems, and giant blooms.

6 bulbs or more of one variety at 12 rate; 25 or more at the 100 rate. We prepay Parcel Post or Freight charges on Holland bulbs.

Figure following name of variety indicates height.

Afterglow. 26. Bright rosy orange, edged salmon. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Baronne de la Tonnaye. 26. Vivid rose, edged blush. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Bartigon. 26. Early. Showy, fiery red.

75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100. **Bleu Aimable.** 25. Wide steel-blue blooms. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Clara Butt. 23. Favorite salmon-pink. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Dream. 26. Soft, even blue-mauve. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Farncombe Sanders. 25. Large; intense brilliant scarlet. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

King Harold. 24. Ox-blood-red; mas-

sive. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100. **La Tulipe Noire.** 25. Nearest to black. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Pride of Haarlem. 26. Rosy carmine; extra fragrant. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Rev. Ewbank. 24. Mauve, shaded dovegray. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Sundew. 24. Soft crimson; saw-tooth fringes. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

The Bishop. 30. Giant violet-blue.

Note height. \$1.50 per doz., \$10

Yellow Darwin (Inglescombe Yellow). 23. Golden yellow. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Zulu. 27. Velvety purple-black. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

**Zwanenburg.** 28. The only low-priced pure white. \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

Superfine Mixed. Balanced mixture; all colors. Top-size bulbs, 70 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

### New Giant Darwins

Taller, stronger-stemmed and larger blooms than any varieties on regular list.

Burgemeester Sandberg. Glossy dark maroon, edged darker. \$1.15 per doz., \$8 per 100.

Mesdag. Deep lilac-pink, edged lighter. \$1.15 per doz., \$8 per 100. Princess Mary. Vivid rosy red, edged lighter. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

### Rembrandt Tulips

Prettily marked and painted into beautiful and interesting combinations.

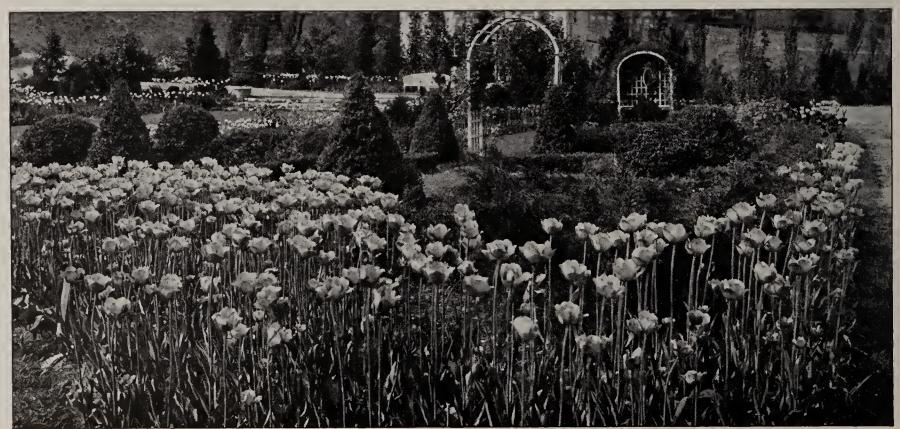
Superfine Mixed Rembrandts. All colors; balanced mixture. Top-size bulbs. 85 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

### Parrot Tulips, Mixed

Grotesque, ragged, interesting shapes and color combinations. They blend well in mixture and we offer them in balanced colors. Parrot Tulips have small bulbs but large blooms. 75 cts. per doz., \$5.25 per 100.

### New Parrot Tulip, Fantasy

The sensational Parrot Tulip at New York and Philadelphia flower shows. \$2 per doz., \$12 per 100.



An extensive group of Blue Aimable Tulips in the Farr Display Garden



Tulips in the Rockery and Garden House Section of the Farr Display Garden. Foreground variety is Farncombe Sanders. Place orders by mail, telephone, or in person

# Single Early Tulips

EARLIEST OF TULIPS

All varieties in this list may be used with equal success for bedding or for forcing. Stems 10 to 16 inches high. Bloom in late April. Plant 4 to 5 inches deep, 5 to 6 inches apart.

6 bulbs or more of one variety at 12 te; 25 or more at the 100 rate. We prepay freight charges on bulbs.

Belle Alliance. 12. Clear, deep scarlet; sweet-scented. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Chrysolora. 13. Pure golden yellow. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100. Couleur Cardinal. 13. Rich crimson.

Strong stem. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Flamingo. 13. Beautiful pink and white.

90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

General de Wet. 16. Brightest and best orange. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Joost Van den Vondel. 13. Cherry-red, forthered white 90 cts. per doz.

feathered white. 90 cts. per doz., \$6

Keizerskroon. 16. Popular red- and-yellow Tulip. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100. Lady Boreel. 11. Long, white blooms. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100. Pink Beauty. 13. Flesh-color, deepening

to bright cherry-pink. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Rising Sun. 16. Deep yellow. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

White Hawk. 13. Globular; white; crinkled petals. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Wouverman. 13. Dark claret-purple. 90 cts. pcr doz., \$6 per 100.

Superfine Mixture. All colors; balanced mixture. Top-size bulbs. 70 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

### Lily-flowered Tulip, Sirene

Satiny rose blooms with long, recurved petals that produce a lily effect. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

# Cottage Tulips

SINGLE OR MAY-FLOWERING

Cottage Tulips are fine for naturalizing in permanent borders as they come up and bloom year after year. They originated in England among the English cottages. Tall and late. Bloom with Darwins.

**Argo.** 24. Golden yellow, shaded salmon.

85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100. Carrara. 26. Giant, cup-shaped white.

\$1.15 per doz., \$8 per 100. **Diamond.** 24. Old-rose, tinged mauve. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Dido. 24. Long, slender; salmon-orange. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Dulcinea. 24. Robust; round; orangered. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Glare of the Garden. 18. Shapely; vivid scarlet. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Grenadier. 24. Large; brilliant orangered. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100. Inglescombe Yellow (Yellow Darwin).

23. Large; globular; yellow. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

John Ruskin. 18. Bronze-rose and yel-

low. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100. Lemon Queen. 26. Tall. Lemon-yellow.

90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Moonlight. 24. Oval; canary-yellow. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Mrs. Dames. 22. Deep golden yellow.

85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Mrs. Moon. 24. Slender; rich yellow.
85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Picotee (Maiden, \$5.50 per 100.

Picotee (Maiden, \$5.50 per 100.)

tipped rose. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100. Triton. 24. Glowing carmine, yellow base. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Superfine Mixture. All colors; balanced mixture. Top-size bulbs. 70 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

### Double Early Tulips

Stems 12 to 15 inches high. Bloom during latc April. Alternate rows of Single and Double Early Tulips are very effective.

Couronne d'Or (Crown of Gold). 13. Yellow and orange. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Murillo. 13. Light pink, flushed creamwhite. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Rubra Maxima. 13. Brilliant dark red. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Schoonoord. 13. Pure white. 90 cts. per

doz., \$6 per 100.

**Tournesol** (Double Keizerskroon). 11. Red and yellow. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Vuurbaak. 12. Dazzling scarlet. Strong stem. 85 cts. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Superfine Mixture. All colors; balanced mixture. Top-size bulbs. 70 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.



If you cannot visit the Farr Tulip Display, be assured that your order will be equally appreciated and handled in a manner which will encourage you to order again

**OU** will find ample opportunity to pay considerably more but you cannot obtain any better bulbs than the selected top-grade quality which we have handled exclusively since 1908, and which are again featured in this issue of our Catalog.

### **Breeder Tulips**

Breeder Tulips have artistic tones of bronze, terra-cotta, orange, and brown. They are vigorous growers, producing blooms of cnormous size. In height and season they are identical with Darwins and are well combined with them.

Bacchus. 33. Bluest of all Tulips; giant size. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Cardinal Manning. 26. Winc-red, flushed brown. 85 ets. per doz., \$5.50

Copernicus. 29. Dark coppery bronze, shaded old-rose. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per

Dom Pedro. 30. Coffee-brown, edged golden brown. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per

Feu Ardent. 28. Large, eup-shaped, brilliant scarlet bloom. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Jaune d'Œuf. 29. Rosy lilac, broadly edged yellow. 90 ets. per doz., \$6 per 100. Louis XIV. 28. Purple, bronze, and brown. 75 ets. per doz., \$5.25 per 100.

Lucifer. 30. Bold; fiery orange. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Medea. 24. Rosy earmine, tinged salmon. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Panorama. 26. Giant; reddish mahogany. 75 cts. per doz., \$5.25 per 100.

Prince of Orange. 25. Golden orange. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.

Velvet King. 26. Glossy dark purple-violet. 85 ets. per doz., \$5.50 per 100.

Superfine Mixture. Includes all colors; balanced mixture. Top-size bulbs. 70 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

### Triumph Tulips

Triumph Tulips have larger blooms and taller stems than the Darwins and bloom

Algiba. Clear heliotrope color. 90 cts.

per doz., \$6 per 100.

Early Wonder. Fine pink. Very tall.

Very showy. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100. Lord Carnarvon. Pink, white base and white edged. 90 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100.



Another section of the West Display Garden which now includes a collection of Tree Peonies and Hybrid Lilacs

### Giant-flowering **Tulips**

Classed as late-flowering, the flowers are of immense size and the stems tall and strong.

Betsy Ross. Opens white, changes to deep

Betsy Ross. Opens white, changes to deep carmine. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.
Black Eagle. Deep, glittering velvety purple. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.
Capablanca. Old-rose; largest flower of all. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.
Marquis. Clear dark blue; closed flower. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.
Nobility. Pure cerise. Extra-fine. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

per doz., \$10 per 100.

Silver Moon. Long, pure white blooms.
\$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Sulphur Gem. Soft sulphur-yellow; stamens and base yellow. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

# Clusiana Tulip

The "Candy Stick" Tulip which is so strikingly attractive in rock-gardens. White, with pink stripes. Plant twice as deep as other Tulips. Cover with leaves after ground freezes and until Tulips begin to sprout. Use in groups of 6 to 12 for best effects. The base of slightly overhanging rock is an ideal location. \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

# Various Bulbs

Parcel Post Paid

Chionodoxa (Glory-of-the-Snow). Easily naturalized. Dark blue flowers with white eyes; 6 to 10 on a stem 4 to 6 inches high. Splendid for borders and rockeries. 50 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100.

Eranthis hyemalis (Winter Aconite). Bright yellow flowers in early spring, like buttercups in the snow. 60 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 100.

Lilium candidum (Madonna Lily). Very fragrant, pure white, trumpet-shaped flowers in late June. Mammoth bulbs, 40 cts. each; 5 or more at 35 cts. each; 25 or more at 30 cts. each.

Lilium regale. A magnificent Lily with very large flowers of waxy white, shaded pink, tinged with canary-yellow at the base. Height 4 to 5 feet. Large-size bulbs for immediate bloom, 35 cts. each; 5 or more at 30 cts. each; 25 or more at 25 cts. each.

Lily-of-the-Valley (Convallaria majalis). Mature potted clumps. 25 cts. each; 5 or more at 18 cts. each; 25 or more at 15 cts. each.

Muscari botryoides, Heavenly Blue (Grape Hyacinth). Lovely in masses. The most vigorous and effective bulb for naturalizing. 60 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 100.

Scilla sibirica. Rich blue flowers. Culture the same as crocuses. 60 cts. per

doz., \$3.50 per 100. Snowdrops, Single. The very first spring bloomers. 60 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 100. Snowdrops, Double. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

# Crocuses

No. 1 Grade

We make a specialty of Top-size Bulbs which means more blooms per bulb. Effective in foreground of tulip-beds, in the rockery, and along borders.

King of the Whites. Large, snowy white blooms. 65 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

Mammoth Yellow. Vcry showy. 65 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

Maximilian. Porcelain-bluc. 65 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

Purpurea Grandiflora. Dark purplc.

65 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100. Mixed Crocuses. All colors mixed. Topsize bulbs. 50 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100.



Crocuses in Mrs. Aaron Ward's garden, Roslyn, L. I., N. Y., before the leaves of the trees appear



"This is a picture of Grand Maitre Hyacinths from bulbs bought of you last October. These blue Hyacinths, planted in front of yellow forsythia, were very beautiful."—Mrs. Minor S. Jameson, 13 Oxford St., Chevy Chase, Md.

# Hyacinths by Color

SPECIAL PRICES

Your selection of colors in same size bulbs, either Red, Pink, Blue, Yellow, or White, no intermediate shades. This enables us to use left-over named varieties, at lower prices.

18 cts. each; 6 or more, one color, at 14 cts. each; 25 or more, one color, at 13 cts. each.

Specify colors when ordering

# Hyacinths

Culture is similar to other bulbs. Plant 6 inches apart and cover with 5 inches of light soil. Setting the bulbs on a layer of sand improves the bloom. They are best in beds and other formal arrangements.

We specialize in the largest grade of Hyacinths. If the blooms produced are not of the largest you have ever seen, your money will be refunded.

PRICES: 20 cts. each; 6 or more of one kind at 16 cts. each; 25 or more of one kind at 15 cts. each. Parcel Post paid.

### SINGLE RED AND ROSE

General De Wet. Large; soft pink. Queen of the Pinks. Bright rosy pink. Roi des Belges. Dark red.

### SINGLE BLUE

Enchantress. Porcelain-blue. Grand Maitre. Compact; sky-blue. King of the Blues. Late. Rich dark blue.

### SINGLE YELLOW

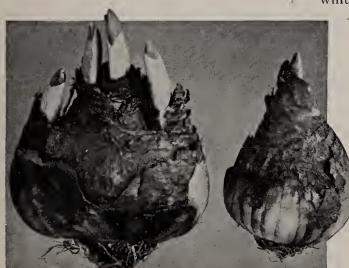
Yellow Hyacinth bulbs are small.

Yellow Hammer. Pure bright yellow.

King of the Yellows. Deep yellow.

### SINGLE PURE WHITE

La Grandesse. Large; perfect; pure white. L'Innocence. Fine. Pure white.



Two types of Narcissus bulbs, showing Farr's "Mother Bulb" in comparison with the ordinary first-size bulb. We buy the best Narcissus and Tulip bulbs obtainable. Bulb at left will have 4 flowers; bulb at light will have I flower.



One of many effective combinations in the Farr Display Garden: Pblox subulata, Tulip, Early Wonder and Viburnum Carlesi

# Daffodils and Narcissi

Where space is limited, plant in the border; where there is a stretch of meadow or orchard land, they can be naturalized in quantity.

All Farr Named Narcissi are Double-Nose Mother Bulbs, the best obtainable

Emperor. 18. Popular. Lasting, large, deep yellow sort. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

**Empress.** 18. Popular. Yellow cups; white petals. \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Incomparabilis, Sir Watkin. 18. Large orange-stained cup; sulphur pctals. \$1.50 pcr doz., \$10 per 100.

King Alfred (King of the Daffodils). 20. Giant golden yellow. \$2.25 per doz., \$14 per 100.

Poeticus Ornatus. 15. Early. Short yellow and scarlet cup; petals white. \$1.15 pcr doz., \$8 per 100.

Poeticus Recurvus (Pheasant's Eye). 15. Pure white petals; small yellow cup, edged red. Excellent for naturalizing. Real Poet's Narcissus. \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

Poetaz, Laurens Koster. 20. White pctals; ycllow cup; 6 to 8 blooms per stem. Like Paper-white Narcissi but hardy. \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

Poetaz, Yellow King. 20. Uniform deep yellow; elustered like Laurens Koster. \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

Van Waveren Giant. 22. Largest of all Daffodils. \$2.15 per doz., \$13 per 100.

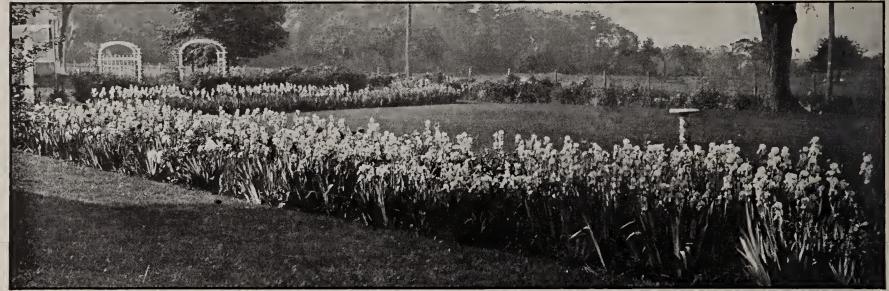
Mixed Narcissi. Our mixture includes various types and is excellent for mass display and naturalizing. Only No. 1 bulbs of various types are included. 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Farr's Double-Nose Narcissi give more than double satisfaction

### ROYALTY DAFFODIL COLLECTIONS:

12 each of Emperor and Empress for \$2.75 25 each of Emperor and Empress for \$4.75 Parcel Post Paid

3% discount for cash with order or pay in November. We pay the Parcel Post or Freight charges on all Holland bulb orders.



Our present low prices on Irises permit them to be used lavishly for extensive and massed color effects. Here is an example in the gardens of Mrs. O. M. Godfrey. North Andover, Mass.

# Tall Bearded Irises

Descriptions include colors, height, and season of bloom. E indicates Early; EM, Early Midseason; M, Midseason; LM, Late Midseason; L, Late. Figures indicate height in inches.

PRICES. All varieties 25 cts. each; 2 or more plants of the same variety at 20 cts. each; 5 or more plants of the same variety at 18 cts. each; 25 or more at 16 cts. each. Strong, healthy, true-to-name, Farr Quality plants. Clumps, containing 3 or 4 divisions at double price.

Alcazar. M. 40. Violet and purple. Ambassadeur. L. 42. Purple and maroon.

Anna Farr. L. 36. White, frilled light

Apache. LM. 22. Distinct coppery red. Archeveque. LM. 24. Velvety violet-

purple. **Asia.** L. 50. Lavender and violet-purple. Ballerine. L. 40. Pcarl-blue and violet. Blanche. M. 36. Large; tall; elear white. Bruno. L. 40. Dark purple. B. Y. Morrison. L. 33. Violet and

purple.

Cardinal. M. 40. Lavender and prune-

Cattleya. M. 27. Bright, clear pink.

Princess Beatrice

Cecil Minturn. M. 30. Large; free; rose-pink.

Dream. EM. 36. A solid, clear, soft pink color.

Duke of Bedford. M. 36. Violet-black-

purple.

Edouard Michel. L. 30. Deep red. Fairy. LM. 36. White, suffused blue. Flammenschwert. M. 36. Yellow and

Georgia. E. 30. Soft cattleya-rose. Gold Imperial. M. 33. The finest deep yellow.

Halo. LM. 36. Blue and violet. Iris King. L. 24. Yellow and maroon.
Isoline. LM. 36. Lilac and rose.
Jacquesiana. M. 30. Bright coppery

crimson and rich maroon.

Juniata. LM. 48. Clear blue. Flowers

large and fragrant; foliage long and drooping.

Kashmir White. M. 48. A beautiful

pure white.

Kochii. E. 15. Darkest scarlet-purple. Lady Byng. L. 35. Pale lavender suffused rose; yellow Leard.
La Neige. L. 24. Ivory-white.
Lent A. Williamson. M. 42. Violet

and purple.

Lord of June. M. 40. Large; violet-blue. Magnifica. LM. 40. Violet and reddish

violet. Ma Mie. LM. 30. White, edged blue. Mary Barnett. M. 40. Best light blue. Mildred Presby. LM. 30. White and

purple. Myth. M. 36. Large; clear blue.

Opera. L. 33. Red-lilac and purple.

Pallida Dalmatica. L. 40. Lavender-

blue.

Princess Beatrice. M. 40. Dcep, elear lavender

Princess Victoria Louise. LM. 30. Yellow and plum.

Quaker Lady. M. 35. Standards smoky lavender shaded yellow; Falls ageratum blue and old gold.

Queen Caterina. L. 38. Palc lavender. Queen of May. LM. 30. Pink. Reverie. L. 40. Cream and rose.

Rhein Nixe. L. 30. White and bluc.

Roseway. L. 36. Tall; red-pink. Ruby Perry. L. 36. Uniform dark rose. Seminole. LM. 30. Rich velvety

Shekinah. L. 36. Lemon-yellow.

Souv. de Mme. Gaudichau. M. 40. Rich purple.

Steepway. M. 48. Reddish fawn and brown.

Sweet Lavender. L. 42. Rosc-lavender. Taj Mahal. M. 38. Uniform pure white. Titan. M. 48. Violet-blue. Tom Tit. M. 24. Neat; deep blue.

White Knight. L. 24. White.

Wyomissing. LM. 28. Cream-white and pink. **Zua.** E. 12. Ruffled; white.



This drawing shows how an Iris plant should be prepared for planting. We cut back the foliage to about 6 inches before shipping. Spread the roots evenly in all directions and work the soil between and around; then firm with the hands or feet. Continue this process until about twothirds of the rhizome is covered; leave the remainder exposed to the sun and air.



# Japanese Irises JUNE

For Early Fall Planting

Japanese Irises thrive anywhere except when planted late in fall or where water will cover their crowns. They increase into large and permanent clumps of profuse and colorful garden and cut-flower bloom after peonies fade and before phlox begins.

Northern orders received after early September will be held for early spring shipment unless no guarantee is desired.

Note. Our prices are based on supply, not on quality of h	oloom.
A 35-ct. sort may be superior to a 50-ct. one.	Each
Azedo. Double; velvety dark purple	\$0 35
Blue Flag. Double; dark purple	
Eleanor Parry. Double; claret-red, veined white and blue	
Gold Bound. Double; pure white; gold center	. 35
Granite. Single; granite-blue, finely veined	
Gypsy. Double; gray base; heavy maroon shades and	
veins	. 50
Hana-Gosho. Single; dark claret	
Hatsu-Shino. Single; rosy lavender, shaded blue	50
Kanran. Double; tall; white, veined violet	50
Kyodaisan. Tall single; rose and red	
Minerva. Single; dark pink veined white	. 35
Olympia. Single; white, veined blue	. 35
Osho-Kun. Tall; double; Tyrian blue, veined whitc	50
Oyedo. Single; dark purple	35
Red Riding Hood. Single; amaranth, veined white	35
Schichiuwka. Single; ruby-crimson, shaded white	35
Shadow. Single; even reddish purple	. 35
Sinjo-no-hara. Double; purple, splashed white	50
T. S. Ware. Double; reddish violet, veined white	35
Tsurugi-no-mai. Very tall; double; suffused pink and	i
blue	50
Warai-Hotei. Double; gray and violet, veined blue	1 00
White Waterfall. Tall; double; silvery white	. 50
<b>Mixed.</b> Seedlings from a famous collection, including wide	range
of types and colors in a group of 10 or more. Not less	s than
10 sold. PRICES: 10 at 18 cts. each; 25 at 15 cts.	
OTTANDIDE DADES ON TADANTESE IDIS	

	Q 0111	.,			0 011	J 111	. ,			. ~
						variety				
5 or	more	plants	of c	one	35-ct.	variety	at 2	25	cts.	each.
2 or	more	plants	of o	one	50-ct.	variety	at 4	10	cts.	each.
5 or	more	plante	of a	ane.	50-ct.	variety	at 3	15	cts.	each.

# Siberian Iris MAY JUNE

The neatest and most dependable of the small-flowered	Irises.
Narrow, grassy foliage, with tall stems.	Each
Emperor. 4'. Clear deep blue	\$0 25
Grandis. 3'. Violet, reticulated white	. 25
Lactea. 3'. Milky white	
Perry's Blue. 4'. Bright China-blue	
Purple King. 3'. Darkest purple	
Snow Queen. 3'. White	. 25



### Miscellaneous Irises MAY JUNE

Including only the generally hardy and practical varieties of various species, after discarding more than 50 others. This group extends the Iris season dependably. Aurea. (Beardless.) Mid-June; 36". Deep golden yellow. Each

50 Kochii. (Bearded.) Early May. Darkest scarlet-purple. Lord Wolsely. (Beardless.) Mid-June; 38". Rich deep 25 50 Shiraz. (Pogocyelus.) Early May. Lighter than Semele... Versicolor. Blue Water Iris. June; 30"..... Note. Usual quantity rates are applicable.

### Dwarf Irises APRIL

First of the Irises to bloom; late April and early May, before and with tulips. Splendid for rockeries, borders, and massing. Multiply into colonies. Plants prefer sun and drainage. Cærulea. Even sky-blue
Compacta. Violet and dark blue
Cyanea. Red-purple
Excelsa. Clear yellow
Florida. Cream-yellow
John Foster. White; late and tall
Kurdistan. Distinct dark purple
Lurida. Dark bronzy red
Lutea. Creamy vellow Lutea. Creamy yellow....

> Quantity Rate on all 25-ct. Varieties of Iris 2 or more of one kind at 20 cts. each 5 or more of one kind at 18 cts. each 25 or more of one kind at 16 cts. each



Tree Peonies at the Arnold Arboretum, Boston, Mass. Following are the names of the owners of a dozen gardens, selected at random, which include comprehensive collections of Farr's Tree Peonies: Mrs. Warren Bicknell, Cleveland, Ohio; Mrs. Henry Burden, Cazenovia, N. Y.; D. M. Blair, Richmond, Va.; Mrs. W., S. Carpenter, Jr., Wilmington, Del.; Mrs. William K. Du Pont, Wilmington, Del.; Mrs. Henry Ewing, Lookout Mountain, Tenn.; Mrs. Mary Healy, Stamford. Conn.; Mrs. Louise J. Kinney, Louisville, Ky.; John H. Perry, Irvington, N. Y.; Mrs. Arthur Scott, Media, Pa.; Sunken Gardens, Harrisburg, Pa.; Dorothy T. Vogdes, Bala Cynwyd, Pa.; Mrs. Arthur Bailey, Paxtang, Pa.

# Culture and History of Tree Peonies

### History and Sentiment

Tree Peonies are so named because they are hardwood shrubs like lilacs, azaleas, and the like. A more proper name might be "Shrub" Peonies, but Chinese written records term them "Tree Peonies" back to 536 A. D. when they were the exclusive property of the Emperor. Japan imported them in 924 A. D., has made the most improvements since then, and leads the world in production today. England imported its first Tree Peony in 1787. Some American plants are known to be at least 50 years old.

### Permanence

A Tree Peony in Norfolk, England, when 80 years old, had a spread of 15 feet, was 4 to 8 feet high, and bore 400 blooms, each 8 to 9 inches in diameter. Many Farr customers have reported 100 blooms per plant on specimens purchased since 1913. The average rate of hardwood growth appears to be from 2 to 6 inches per year. Plants should last at least one's lifetime. Development is most rapid during the first 10 years. Three-year plants bear 2 to 4 blooms, 6-year plants from 10 to 30 blooms, depending on cultural conditions.

### How to Plant

Your Tree Peony wants to live for 100 years. Therefore, dig a hole about 2 feet wide and 2 feet deep. Thoroughly mix

3 pounds of Vigoro with the soil. Refill the hole with firmed soil to a depth where tips of roots will rest, leaving the nursery-row ground-marking about an inch lower than the top-level of the hole. Spread the roots and continue to "firm" the soil while adding it.

Apply a 4-inch mulch of clean straw or hay around the plants and slightly beyond the root-radius, after the ground is permanently frozen, for the first winter. Leave branch-tips exposed. Apply a half-inch layer of hydrated lime to top surface each spring for ideal results.

Feed, cultivate and water the plants conscientiously, and your Tree Peonies will be a constantly increasing source of pride and enjoyment throughout your lifetime.

### Where to Plant

A location sheltered from prevailing winter winds is the first preference. They prefer limed soil, good drainage, and sunlight, remembering that partial shade will protect blooms from the sun; as background to perennial beds and rockgardens; along the foundation of buildings or walls; in beds or as specimens and accent plants by themselves. In combination with "pre-Peony" bloomers, such as tall late Tulips, Lilacs, early Irises, Rosa bugonis, Azaleas, Spireas, etc., allow 2 feet of unobstructed clearance around Tree Peonies so that pruning against overcrowding may be postponed for many years. While they may spread as much as 10 to 15 feet in a hundred years, 4 feet apart is a good rule if planted by themselves.

### Which to Plant

Our list of Tree Peonies now available follows. Descriptions are intentionally modest and limited because every variety is desirable and beautiful. Effusive descriptions would be merely so much reiteration. All you need do is select the color you prefer, with the assurance that your garden will be graced by what will probably be your most-prized garden possession.

There is no practical difference between the bloom season and growth-rate of these varieties except that Moutan is exceptionally early and most rapid growing while the yellows are the very last to bloom and the slowest in growth.

### **Tree Peony Prices**

Do not accept price as the criterion of beauty but rather as based upon the supply available. If you derive satisfaction from exclusiveness, the "yellows" may be worth \$1,000.00 to you because there are hardly 100 plants in the United States today, but a price of \$50.00 does not necessarily claim that they are ten times as beautiful as \$5.00 sorts—only that they are much scarcer and much harder to produce and that deep yellow is an otherwise unattainable color in Peonies.

Tree Peony prices are based entirely upon supply and not on size of plants or respective merit of bloom. Moutan and Iro-no-Seki are the best "buys" on the 1934 list since our prices are based on adequate stock. All plants are returnable at our expense if in any way unsatisfactory.

### Large, Strong Plants

The following prices apply on 2- to 4-year-old plants which have already bloomed in our nursery. Many of them are "parent" plants which have been cut back for propagation purposes. If they appear stubby when received, remember (a) that you are receiving a "parent" plant; (b) that cutting back produces bushy plants; (c) that the stubbiness will disappear when spring growth develops; (d) that the roots have been unmolested and will produce that many more bloom-sprouts for next spring; (e) that there will be no loss of time or bloom because, whether cut back or not, the shock of transplanting most any plant does not permit bloom the same spring it is received.



Tree Peony, Moutan has been the "Emperor's Flower" and "King of Flowers" in China since 600 A. D. It is now available to the average American garden at the lowest prices ever applied



Evidence of the early age at which Tree Peonies bloom. Note size of blooms

Tree Peony List

	Each	
Akashi-gata. Semi-double; salmon	<b>510</b> 0	00
Banksi. Double; pink with darker shades	6 0	
B. H. Farr. Single; vivid orange-scarlet	10 0	
Gosho-Kazura. Single; shell-pink	6 0	
Haku-raku-ten. Semi-double; pure white		
Tiaku-raku-ten. Seini-double, pure winte	10 0	
Hana-guruma. Semi-double; rose-pink	6 0	
Hana-no-Tsukasa. Semi-double; lavender	6 0	00
*Iro-no-Seki. Semi-double; shell-pink	5 0	00
Iwato-kagami. Double; clear pink	6 0	00
Kamada-Fuji. Double; flesh	6 0	00
Kin-Fukurin. Single; light orange-scarlet	7 5	50
La Lorraine. Double; pure golden yellow	65 0	00
Michishiba. Single; rose-pink	6 0	
*Moutan. Single; red. (See specimen offer.)	5 0	
Nippon-ko. Semi-double; pink	6 0	
Ruriban. Semi-double; purple	10 0	
Shiko-den. Double; deep rose-pink	7 5	
Shuchiuka. Semi-double; flesh, darker center	6 0	
Souv. de Maxime Cornu. Double; yellow and	0 0	,,
	30 0	'n
burnt-orange		
Tama-fuyo. Single; clear pink	6 0	
Tama-Usagi. Single; pure white	10 0	00
Tsukasa-jishi. Single; rosy lavender	6 0	0
*1 Iro-no-Seki and 1 Moutan for	7 0	00

### Specimen Moutans

Moutan blooms are single, exotic, vivid purple-red, with crepe-paper petals and golden stamens in the center. The earliest, most vigorous, and most free-blooming

of all Tree Pronies.

Moutan is the Wild Tree Peony of Thibet and is easier to propagate than its hybrid descendants. With us, it now exists in ample quantity as part of our ambition to make Tree Peonies available to average gardens. Our stock is the largest in the Occidental world and we offer them in specimen sizes, accordingly.

These specimens are 6 to 10 years old and have borne from 20 to 100 blooms each. They will produce equal and improving results for customers after one summer's root-growth, following transplanting. All specimens are heavily rooted and heavily branched. Prices include careful packing.

2 to  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -ft. specimens at \$6.00 each  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3-ft. specimens at \$7.00 each 3 to  $3\frac{1}{2}$ -ft. specimens at \$8.00 each



The Peony Walk at Weiser Park is becoming more beautiful each year as the plants become older and larger. Each plant, of more than 200 different varieties, is plainly staked by name. Bloom between June 3 and 19.

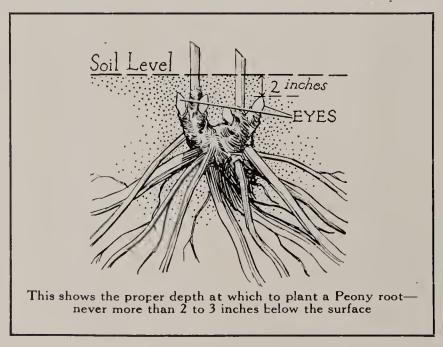
# PEONIES • Massive, Immaculate, Colorful, Fragrant

Why Plant Peonies? A well-selected collection of Peonies produces magnificent, colorful, and fragrant bloom of perfect detail for more than a month. Individual blooms last two weeks if cut early and handled properly. A plant lasts a lifetime and can be divided repeatedly. Peonies will withstand abuse and neglect and will liberally reward average attention. Insect pests do not bother Peonies.

**How to Plant.** The illustration below is self explanatory. Prepare holes and feed as for Tree Peonies. See page 12. Plant from 3 to 4 feet apart. Avoid manure.

Where to Plant. Plant in average soil, with good drainage and at least half-time sunlight, in beds or rows by themselves; here and there in perennial backgrounds or shrubbery foreground; along walls, walks, borders, etc. Acquire a collection as a hobby.

When to Plant. In very early spring before sprouts appear or in fall from late August until the ground freezes.



### Farr's Master Peony List

The following list has been arranged so that selection can be made to suit individual preferences as to color, price, season, rating, etc. We have already discarded more than 500 varieties. You can select from this remaining list with 100 per cent assurance of satisfaction from any variety chosen.

Prices apply to 1-year plants or equivalent strong 4 to 7-eye divisions. Clumps, containing 3 or 4 divisions, if desired, at double the price of divisions. Prices are based upon supply available and not necessarily upon merit, and a 75-ct. variety may be every bit as desirable as a \$10.00 sort.

We guarantee trueness to name and top-quality roots. Returnable at our expense if otherwise.

### KEY TO DESCRIPTIONS

Time of blooming indicated thus—E., Early; E.M., Early Midseason; M., Midseason; L., Late. X. indicates most pronounced fragrance; 8.7, 9.7, etc., indicate grade of merit given by American Peony Society.

White	Large Divisions
8.7 Albatre. L.X. Compact; white, flecked red	\$0 75
8.8 Alsace Lorraine. L. Large; tall. Cream-white	e <b>1 50</b>
8.6 A. P. Saunders. L.X. Large; delicate flesh-whi	te. <b>3 00</b>
9.0 Baroness Schroeder. L.X. Flesh-white	75
8.1 Couronne d'Or. L.X. White; golden stamens	
8.9 Enchanteresse. L. Creamy white, flecked crims	
9.3 <b>Festiva Maxima.</b> X. Popular early white	
9.8 Kelway's Glorious. M.X. Magnificent glisteni	ing
white	2 00
9.1 Lady Alexandra Duff. M.X. Blush-pink to whi	
9.9 <b>Le Cygne.</b> M.X. Perfectly formed ivory-white.	
Marcelle Dessert. M. White, splashed lilac	
8.3 Mons. Dupont. M.X. Glistening ivory-white.	
9.3 Mrs. Edward Harding. L.M. Large; pure whi	
9.1 Sarah Thurlow. L. Pearl-white	
9.4 Tourangelle. M.X. Pearl-white and salmon	1 50



A rare collection of Farr's Peonies artistically arranged along the walk, against a background of shrubbery

Cream and Yellow Peonies Large Divisions	Deep Pink Large Divisions
8.1 Duchesse de Nemours. E. Creamy white \$0 75	8.6 Claire Dubois. L. Deep, silvery rose-pink\$0 75
8.8 Laura Dessert. E.M. Canary-yellow 2 00	7.6 Edulis Superba. E.X. Popular early pink 75
8.8 Nymphæa. M. Creamy white; yellow stamens 1 50	9.1 Edwin C. Shaw. M.X. Clear shell-pink 2 00
8.6 Primevere. M.X. Cream, deep yellow center 1 50	8.7 E. J. Shaylor. L.M. Rose-pink, edged gold 2 00
old I innevered with Cream, deep yenow center I do	8.7 James R. Mann. M. Rosy pink, flecked crimson 1 00
Elash	8.4 Lamartine. (Lem.) L. One of the best dark pinks 2 00
Flesh	La Perle. M. Deep hydrangea-pink
9.0 Bayadere. M. Large; flesh and creamy white 1 50	9.1 Martha Bullock. L.X. Exquisite, deep rose-pink. 2 00
8.9 Eunice Shaylor. M. Flesh-color; yellow stamens. 1 50	8.5 Maud L. Richardson. L.X. Lilac-rose 1 50
8.9 James Boyd. M. Fragrant; flesh-color and salmon 1 50	9.2 Mons Jules Elie. X. Fine early dark pink 75
8.6 La Lorraine. M. Creamy white, tinted pink 1 50	9.0 Sarah Bernhardt. L.X. Apple-blossom-pink 1 00
8.5 Octavie Demay. E.X. Dwarf; white and pink 1 00	8.5 Standard Bearer. E. Larger and taller Mons.
8.9 Pride of Essex. M. Flesh-pink	
9.1 Rose Shaylor. M.X. Delicate flesh-white 5 00	Jules Elie
8.5 Shaylor's Dream. M. Flesh-white	
9.7 Solange. L.M. Distinct creamy salmon 1 50	8.2 Wiesbaden. E. A distinct pink 1 00
	Red
Light Pink	
8.6 Albert Crousse. L.X. Large; compact salmon-	8.7 Auguste Dessert. M. Cup-shaped; crimson- carmine
pink	80 Aviateur Reymond, M. Lively cherry-red 1 00
8.1 Asa Gray. M.X. Pink, powdered with deeper dots. 75	8.4 David Harum. L.M. Tall; distinct; bright red 2 00
9.1 Cornelia Shaylor. L. Delicate flesh and shell-pink 2 00	8.4 Felix Crousse. L.M. Vigorous; bright red 75
9.1 Elizabeth Barrett Browning. X. Shell-pink to	8.2 François Rousseau. E. Lively velvety red 1 00
white. Very late	9.0 Longfellow. L.M. Brilliant cherry-red 1 50
8.3 Eugene Verdier. L.X. Shell-pink, tinted cream 75	8.4 Lora Dexheimer. M. Distinct. Bright crimson 1 00
8.6 Eugenie Verdier. M.X. Taller; rose-pink 1 00	Mr. L. Van Leeuwen. E. New. Largest red Peony 2 00
8.9 Georgiana Shaylor. L.M. Large; light rose-pink. 1 50	9.2 Philippe Rivoire. M.X. Brilliant crimson 2 00
8.8 Grandiflora. X. Silvery pink. Best late variety 1 50	8.8 Richard Carvel. X. Best early crimson-rcd 2 00
9.0 Katherine Havemeyer. L.M. Large; rose-pink. 2 00	8.3 Victoire de la Marne. M. Distinct light red 1 00
8.8 Kelway's Queen. M.X. Globular; rose-pink 3 00	0.5 Victorie de la Marile. M. Distinct light red 1 ve
9.2 La Fee. E.X. Large; light rose-pink 2 00	Deep Red
9.0 La France. X. Large; rosy white. Very late 2 00	-
8.8 Loveliness. L. Uniform pale hydrangea-pink 2 00	8.5 Adolphe Rousseau. E. Rich dark red 75
9.0 Mabel L. Franklin. M. Brilliant rose-pink 2 00	8.2 Grover Cleveland. M.X. Vigorous. Dark crimson 1 00
Marguerite Gerard. M. Pale pink to white 75	8.8 Karl Rosenfield. E.M.X. Vigorous. Dark crimson 75
9.0 Mary W. Shaylor. L.M. Delicate, clear pink 2 00	8.7 Mary Brand. M. Vivid, clear dark crimson 1 00
9.0 Milton Hill. L.M. Delicate salmon-pink 2 00	8.8 Mons. Martin Cahuzac. M. Black-red 1 50
8.5 Opal. M. Opalescent pink	8.4 William F. Turner. E. Dark crimson 2 00
8.8 Phœbe Carey. L. Large; soft rose-pink 2 00	D I D
9.0 Phyllis Kelway. M. Large; loose; pink-whitc 2 00	Early Peonies
9.3 President Wilson. L.X. Very large; pink 3 00	Officinalis albo-plena. Old-fashioned early white 2 50
8.7 Reine Hortense. M.X. Large; tall; perfectly	Officinalis, Anomala. Single; red. Lacy foliage 1 50
formed pink	Officinalis roseo-plena. Old-fashioned early pink 1 00
8.8 Rosette. E. Silvery salmon-flesh	Officinalis rubro-plena. Old-fashioned early red 1 00
9.1 Souv. de Louis Bigot. L.M. Silvery salmon-pink. 1 50	Officinalis tenuifolia flpl. Fern-leaved early double
9.8 Therese. M.X. Soft, clear pink. Note rating 1 50	red

Superfine Mixed Peonies. This mixture, caused by moving, discarding, and transplanting, includes all types and colors of Peonies. An excellent opportunity for cut-flower investment or garden display. PRICES: 5 or more roots at 20 cts. each; 25 or more at 15 cts. each; 50 or more at 12 cts. each; 100 or more at 10 cts. each. All shipments by Express or Freight, charges collect.



Paeonia albiflora

### Mixed Peonies

Including a wide range of types and colors. Top grade, 3 to 5-eye divisions. Not less than 5 sold. 25 at 15 cts. each; 10 at 18 cts. each; 5 at 20 cts. each.

### Quantity Discounts on Peonies

-		
10% Discount on	Peony orders	exceeding \$4.99
12% Discount on	Peony orders	exceeding \$9.99
15% Discount on	Peony orders	exceeding\$24.99

golden center . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 00 9.0 Some ganoko. (J.) Darker and larger Mikado...... 2 00 Tamate-Boku. (J.) Most famous pink Jap......10 00 

9.0 White Lady. (S.) Large; white.... 1 00 8.7 Yeso. (S.) Very prolific white, with golden chestnut-bur center..... 75

### 1-cent Sale on Peonies

These Peonies are anything but inferior. See the ratings, as

applied by the American Peony Society.

We do, however, have too many of them and instead of selling them to a comparatively few wholesale buyers, we will give our retail

customers the opportunity for good-will-making bargains.

For every plant ordered from the following list, you can have another, of the same variety FOR 1 CENT MORE. Example: 2 Albatres for 76 cts.; 4 Albatres for \$1.52; 6 Albatres for \$2.23, etc.

### Sale List of Peonies

Adolphe Rousseau. E. Rich dark red. Albatre (Avalanche). L. Large; compact; white. Albert Crousse. M. Large; compact; salmon-pink. Claire Dubois. L.M. Violet-rose, tipped silver. Duchesse de Nemours. E. Sulphur-white. Edulis Superba. E. Large; loose; pink; fragrant. Eugene Verdier. L. Pink, yellow, salmon-white. Felix Crousse. L.M. Vigorous. Bright red. Festiva Maxima. E. White, flecked crimson. Geraldine. (Jap.) Bright rose, white-tipped staminodes. La Perle. M. Deep hydrangea-pink; fragrant. Marcelle Dessert. M. White, splashed lilac. Marguerite Gerard. M. Pale pink to white. Mons. Jules Elie. Large; early pink. Nymphe. Large; flat; white, yellow stamens.
Reine Hortense (President Taft). M. Hydrangea-pink.
Yeso. (Jap.) M. Flesh-white, canary-yellow center.

### "Good-Will" Collections

Any 10 of the above Peonies, in 10 varieties, your selection, for \$4, Parcel Post prepaid. Any 5 for \$2.35, Parcel Post prepaid.

Note. On other orders from this Catalog, customer pays transportation.

### Single and Japanese Peonies

Single Peonies resemble wild roses, having a collar of petals around a ball of fine golden stamens; Japanese Peonies are similar except that the stamens are larger and frequently varicolored, forming most unusual and attractive combinations.

S. indicates Single; J., Japanese

ı	o, mareaces origie, o., supariese	To a	- 1-
ı	8.7 Albiflora. (S.) Like a white water-lily		ch 00
ı	8.3 Alma. (J.) Lighter than Ama-no-sode		00
ı	9.2 Ama-no-sode. (J.) Pink, with golden center		00
ı		7	UU
Į	8.1 Cathedral. (J.) Pink, with large, red-tipped	1	ΛΛ
l	stamens	1	00
ľ	Dai-jo-kuhan. (S.) Pink, with golden stamens.	4	75
ľ	<b>Fu-ji-mine.</b> (J.) White, with yellow petaloids	1	00
i	Fusyama. (J.) Flesh-pink, gold center	1	00
ľ	9.2 Fuyajo. (J.) Mahogany-red, chamois center	2	00
ı	Geraldine. (J.) A smaller but more vigorous		_
ı	Cathedral		<b>75</b>
ľ	8.0 Gypsy. (J.) Early; bright red, with red center		
I	tipped gold		<b>75</b>
ı	8.4 L'Etincelante. (S.) Silvery pink; golden stamens		75
ļ	8.1 La Fraicheur. (S.) Rose-pink; golden stamens		75
	Major Loder. (S.) Pink, edged flesh; golden		
	stamens	1	00
	8.7 Margaret Atwood. (J.) Largest white; golden		
	center	1	00
	8.6 Mikado. (J.) Dark crimson, golden center		75
	Montebank. (J.) White, with golden center	1	00
	Nymphe. (S.) Flesh-color, with golden stamens.		75
	8.2 Ohirama. (J.) Light rose, with golden center	1	00
	Oimatsu. (J.) Flesh-color, with golden center		75
	8.9 Pride of Langport. (S.) Pink, with long golden		
	stamens	2	00
	Shi-pen-kue. (S.) Deep pink, with		-
	golden center	2	ΛΛ



Japanese Peony, Ama-no-sode

# Phlox for Fall, 1934

Phlox are generally conceded to be among the "Best 10 Perennials," and there is no question about their being one of the very best summer-blooming perennials.

Phlox cultural requirements are few but vitally essential for good results, and good Phlox results will lift any garden out of the general summer bleakness too often noticed.

First, and most important, keep Phlox well fed. They are especially heavy feeders. Use commercial fertilizers, of which Vigoro is one of the best. Manure may cause blight.

**Second,** avoid heavily shaded locations and mix sand with a heavy soil. Avoid late fall (after November 1) planting in northern states.

**Third,** spray regularly with Pomo-Green Nicotine (75 cts. per pound) to prevent and cure Mildew and Red Spider.

Fourth, cut faded blooms so that seeds will not drop and develop into wild and parent killing seedlings; also to encourage a later crop of bloom.

Fifth, apply lawn sprinkler during bloom season, one-half day each week. Use Farr-bred plants and order early. Good Phlox plants are searce, cost money to grow and pack, and are well worth our price, which is not the highest or the lowest.

Note. The following list is based on our 29 years of experience with 140 varieties of Phlox. It also closely follows the List of Best Phlox included in recent Phlox Bulletin by A. M. S. Pridham, Cornell University.

ham, Cornell University.

Height is indicated by "Low," "Medium," and "Tall."

Season is indicated by "Early," "Midseason," and "Late."

PRICES: All varieties, 35 cts. each; 3 of a kind for 90 cts.; 5 or more of one kind at 25 cts. each; 25 or more of one kind at 20 cts. each

**B. Comte.** Deep, rich ox-blood-red. Fine. Tall. Late bloomer. **Bridesmaid.** White with red eye. Tall and vigorous. Midseason. **Eclaireur.** Carmine with light eye. Medium. Late.

F. A. Buchner. Large-flowered purc white. Grows slowly. Medium. Midseason.

**Feuerbrand.** Cerise and vermilion, flamed orange. One of the largest flowered of the orange-reds. Medium. Midseason.

**F. G. von Lassburg.** White. Trusses large and stems good; free blooming. Tall and fine for border, background. Midseason.

F. R. Gross. Alabaster-white, with blood-red eye. Medium. Midseason.

Gen. Chanzy. Brilliant scarlet. Medium. Midseason.

Imperator. Purple-crimson, blood-red center. Tall. Midseason.

Josephine Gerbeaux. Pure white with a very large rose center. Beautifully blended. Medium. Midseason.

Jules Sandeau. Rosy pink. Long-lasting bloom period. Low. La Vague. Mallow-pink with carmine eye. Profuse. Low. Midseason.

Le Mahdi. Metallic bluish violet; large. Medium. Midseason. Miss Lingard. Early, free, and everblooming; crispy and neat white. Medium.

Rheinlander. Large heads of salmon-pink intensified by scarlet eye. Medium. Midseason.

Richard Strauss. Very dark violet-amaranth. Medium. Midseason.

**Rijnstroom.** Rose-salmon, curled florets. Fairly tall and an abundance of stems. Midseason.

R. P. Struthers. Lively carmine with claret-red eye. Vigorous; free. Tall. Midseason.

Sir Edwin Landseer. Very bright crimson. Free grower. Medium. Midseason.

**Thor.** Deep salmon-pink, with red eye. Pyramid-shaped panicle. Exceptionally trouble-free. Medium. Midseason.

Widar. Reddish violet, with white eye. Dense, oval panicle. Medium. Midseason.

"SELECTED" PHLOX COLLECTION: Any 10 plants from above list, your selection, for \$3, plus Parcel Post at cost, after plants arrive, or Parcel Post Prepaid if cash with order.

SUBULATA. Creeping Phlox; Mountain Pinks. Three colors—Alba, white; Lilacina, light blue; Rosea, pink. 25 cts. each; 5 or more of a kind at 18 cts. each; 25 or more of a kind at 14 cts. each.



This field of Farr Phlox shows the type of plant and bloom produced by our methods of growing

# Philadelphus (Mock Orange)

There is a great variation, both in the habit of growth of the different Philadelphus and in their form of bloom. There are dwarf varieties, with slender, arching branches and small foliage; others have very large foliage and vigorous, upright habit of growth, forming larger shrubs; but all are refined and beautiful, and the different species and varieties can be grouped together most effectively. At Highland Park and in the Arnold Arboretum, the collection of Philadelphus is second in importance only to that of the lilacs.

PRICES: All varieties in bushy specimen, 3 to 4-foot size, 50 cts. each; 5 or more of one kind at 40 cts. each. F.O.B. our station.

Albatre. Large, full double, pure white flowers produced in dense panicles. Dwarf to medium grower; extremely floriferous.

**Argentine.** Ereet-growing shrub, with clusters of very large, double, pure white flowers more than 2 inches across, of regular form and having imbricated petals. Medium height.

Aurea. A variety of moderate growth, with golden foliage and small white flowers.

**Avalanche.** Large, fragrant flowers on slender, gracefully arching branches. Medium height.

**Bouquet Blanc.** A very handsome, large, double or semidouble flowering variety, producing tall erect growth. Strong plants.

Glacier. Strong, erect grower. The clusters of double white flowers, set in panicles, have the appearance of one enormous double flower. Medium height.

Norma. Large, single, or semi-double, fragrant white flowers in May and June. Tall.

Pavillon Blanc. Of vigorous growth, with large white flowers in clusters.

Rosace. Large, semi-double flowers of creamy white, passing to pure white. Extremely fragrant and of upright growth.

**Sirene.** Well-expanded flowers of great size, faintly shaded pink in the center; small foliage.

**Splendens.** Large, white, semi-double, fragrant flowers in clusters.

Virginal. Large, semi-double, white flowers produced intermittently all summer. Medium grower.

Voie Lactee. Snow-white flowers with conspicuous golden stamens. Vigorous grower, having quantities of immense flowers. Late blooming. Tall, bushy habit.



A collection of French Hybrid Lilacs will give more real garden pleasure than almost any other shrub that you can grow. The picture is from the garden of George Staplin, Jr., Mannsville, N. Y. Plants by Farr. See Mr. Staplin's testimonial below. Recently acquired and complete collections of Farr Lilacs are attracting thousands of visitors for the city of Gloversville, N. Y., and Reading Museum, West Reading. Pa.

# Hybrid Lilacs—Sentiment . Fragrance

### Why Plant Hybrid Lilacs?

Because common and old-fashioned Lilacs usually do not bloom for many years after transplanting, and until they attain mature age and large size. French Hybrids bloom when 18 inches tall, or immediately after they recover from the shock of transplanting. They also bloom more freely and more abundantly than the older sorts, and are every bit as hardy and vigorous. By comparison, they bear myriads of giant trusses, and include a wide range of colors. They require less attention than roses, evergreens, or fruit trees.

### How to Plant

Plant similar to tree peonies, except more deeply than any other shrubs, so as to encourage thrifty plants and new shoots—as much as 4 to 5 inches deeper than nursery-row ground-markings. Avoid 99 per cent of transplanting failures by planting deeply and watering the plants copiously during the fall or summer after transplanting. Let water slowly trickle to the roots, or sprinkle for a half day at a time; daily drenchings do more harm than good. The water must soak to a 2- to 3-foot depth.

depth.

Feed and cultivate for perfection. Spray with Sunoco Spray Oil (1 part to 15 parts water) during late winter if any signs of scale are found. Trim and thin immediately after they bloom, if at all. Cut back when transplanting, for the immediate welfare as well as future bushiness of the plant. Add a half-inch layer of hydrated lime to the feeding area once a year for ideal results.

### When to Plant

Lilacs sprout unusually early in spring. The spring shipping season is, therefore, short and orders should be placed early for shipment between March 1 and April 15. The fall season begins after frosts cause dormancy, during October, and continues until the ground freezes permanently in December.

### Where to Plant

Plant in a sunny and drained location, not in full shade or soggy places. All Hybrid Lilacs are equally hardy as far north as Alaska, and different varieties require identical culture. They prefer cold winters.

### The Test of 17 Years

In 1917, after visiting Highland Park, Rochester, N. Y., I thought I would have a Lilac-garden of my own. The next spring I bought several varieties. Later, I was given your address by the Assistant Superintendent of Parks at Rochester and have since been buying of your firm until I have 119 varieties of Lilacs, mostly from your nursery, and am more than well pleased with them and your dealing with us. Nearly all have bloomed the same or the next year after I received them.—George Staplin, Jr., Mannsville, N. Y.

### Six-Point Guarantee

Every Lilac we ship is guaranteed to be (1) full size; (2) true to name; (3) strong and huskily branched; (4) liberally and fibrously "own rooted"; (5) free of blight and pests; (6) received in fresh, carefully packed, undamaged condition.

# Farr's List of Master Lilacs

Selected from Mr. Farr's collection of several hundred varieties, and from collections by Highland Park, Arnold Arboretum, John Wister, Dr. J. Horace McFarland, Koster, Lemoine, Turbat, etc.

Our Display Garden includes a speciment plant, each, of the following varieties. Visitors invited. Bloom, about May 15

### How to Use Lilacs

Conventional and tasteful use and locations for Lilacs include hedges, borders, beds, along foundations, and as specimens. Gardeners are beginning to realize that a Lilac hedge not only serves the double purpose of bloom and screen but frequently costs no more than a privet or barberry hedge since it requires many less plants. For hedge, plant 3 to 5 feet apart; for other purposes, plant 8 to 12 feet apart, depending on space available and combinations desired.

### "The Best Dozen Lilacs"

Prof. Sargent, of the Arnold Arboretum, used to say "the best dozen Lilacs are those which happen to be in the best bloom this year." Undoubtedly, he evolved this reply out of desperation because all Lilacs are beautiful, and the bloom on the same plants varies from year to year, according to the culture they receive, weather conditions, and the age of the plants. We have, accordingly, discontinued "setting up" a list of the Best Dozen. Even twin brothers will not agree on such a list.

What is more important is to remember that all Lilacs will thrive with little attention and are beautiful, if conscientiously sultivated as they some into maturity.

cultivated, as they come into maturity.

### KEY TO DESCRIPTIONS

E., indicates Early bloom; E.M., Early Midseason; M., Midseason; L.M., Late Midseason; L., Late.

S. indicates Slow growth; A., Average growth, and V., Vigorous growth.

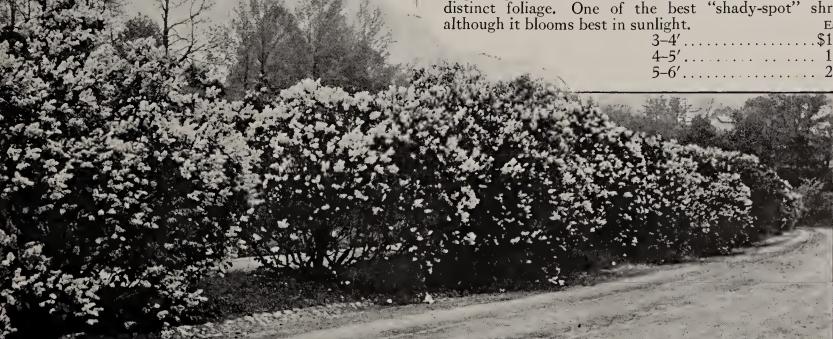
### Lilac Quantity Discounts

10	per cent	on	orders	exceeding.	 \$9.99
15	per cent	on	orders	exceeding.	 24.99
20	ner cent	on	orders	exceeding	49 99

Lilac prices are F. O. B. Weiser Park. Shipment by Express or Freight

### Single Lilacs—Own Roots

Single Diaco Own Roots	
Bleautre. E.M., A. Deepest powder-blue.	
Each 2-3'\$1 00   4-5'\$2 0 3-4'\$1 50    Charles X. M., A. Bluish violet-red.	h 00
Fach	h
3-4'\$1 00   5-6'\$2 2 4-5'	25
Christopher Columbus. L., S. Deep sky-blue. 2–3', \$1.5	50
each.  Comte de Montebella. M., A. Even-toned; shapely; lig sky-blue. 2-3', \$2 each.	ht
Congo. M., A. Bright wallflower-red.  Each  Each	T
2-3'\$1 50   3-4'\$2 ( <b>De Mirabel.</b> L., S. Distinct dark blue-violet.	00
2-3'\$1 50   3-4'\$2 (  Decaisne. (Decorative.) L.M., A. Clear, lightest blue.	
2-3'\$1 00   4-5'\$2 0	h 00
Diderot. L., S. Extra large; rich claret-red.	
2-3'\$1 50   4-5'\$2 5 3-4'2 00	ћ 50
Edmond Bossier. L., S. Deeply cupped; dark red.	
3-4'\$1 50   4-5'\$2 0  Hugo Koster. E.M., A. Light lilac-blue. 4-5', \$2 each.  Jan van Tol. M., A. Claimed to be the largest trussed whit	00 t <b>e.</b>
Each   Each   Each   S1 00   2-3'	h 50
Japonica. A species developing into a large tree-like bus 30-40' high. Plume-like panicles of creamy white. The species developing into a large tree-like bus 30-40' high.	sh he
real Tree Lilac. Each Each 2–3'	h 00
Josikæa. V. A light pink species, blooming very freely ar	nd
fragrantly several weeks after other Lilacs. Attractive ar	nd
distinct foliage. One of the best "shady-spot" shrul	bs
although it blooms book in sunlight	T
arthough it blooms best in sunlight. Each $3-4'$	
4-5'	50 25



Lilacs in the Arnold Arboretum



Truss of Single Lilac, Lucie Baltet

SINGLE LILACS, continued
Lamartine. V. Very free-blooming and fast-growing pink
Lilac. Extra-early species.
Each Each
2-3'\$0 75   4-5'\$1 50
3–4'
Lucie Baltet. L.M., A. Coppery pink. Distinct from all
Lilacs. Each Each
2–3′\$1 50   3–4′\$1 85
Ludwig Spaeth. L., A. Best-known dark red. 2-3', \$1 each.
Macrostachya. M., A. Tenderest pink; extra fragrant. 18-24", \$2 each.
Marceau. New. Larger and darker than Congo. Deeply cupped. True stock imported from France. 18–24", \$4 each.

and Marceau exceed all single reds Our stootions are from the introducer, E. Turbat &	
Each	Each
18-24"\$4 00   2-3'	\$5 00
Mirabeau. Like Lamartine, but darker.	

Massena. New. Larger and darker than Marceau. Massena

Mirabeau. Like Lamartine, but darker.	
Each Each	
3-4'\$1 00   5-6'\$2 00	0
4–5′ 1 50	
Mme. F. Morel. L., V. Extra free, large, and long-stemmed	;
lilac-pink. Each Each	
3-4'\$1 50   5-6'\$3 00	0
4–5′	
Monge. This variety and Congo are the most preferred o	f
the generally known single reds.	
Each Each	

Wiont Blanc. L.M., A. Giant pure white.	
Each	Each
3-4'\$1 50   4-5'	\$2 00
Persica rubra (Persian Lilac). M., V. Free,	loose-trussed,
pink species. Each	Each
2-3'\$0 75   4-5'	\$1 50
3–4′	"

18–24".....\$1 50 | 2–3'.....\$2 00

President Lincoln. M., A. Our favorite dark clear blue. 3-4′, \$2 each.

Reaumur. L.M., V. Dark satiny carmine.

Each	Each
2–3′\$1 50   3–4′	4–5′\$2 25

Ronsard. V. Early species. Blue with white eye.	
<b>Lach</b>	Each
4-5'\$2 00   5-6'	.\$2 50
Vestale. M., A. Stately, hyacinth-trussed white.	
Each	Each
3-4'\$2 00   4-5'	.\$2 50
Volcan. L., S. Dark ruby-red.	
Each	Each
3–4′\$1 50   4–5′	.\$2 00

### Double Lilacs—Own Roots

Adelaide	Dunbar.	L.M., A	. Compact;	irregular;	slender;
red.		Each			Each
2–3′		\$2 00	4-5'		\$3 00
			'		

Alphonse Lavallee. M., A. Slender; long-stemmed; blueviolet. 5-6', \$2.50 each.

**Acubifolia.** L., S. Lilac, fading blue. Leaves green and yellow. 4-5′, \$2.50 each.

Belle de Nancy.		ree-blooming;	extra	fragrant;
lively pink,	Each			Each
2–3′	\$1 00	4-5'		\$2 00
3–4′	1 50	5–6′		2 50

Berryer. V. Long-trussed ma	uve; earliest double.
Each	Each
2-3'\$1 00	4-5'\$2 00
3–4′	5-6'

 Charles Joly. L., V. Old favorite deep red.

 Each
 Each

 2-3'...
 \$1 00 | 4-5'...
 \$2 00

 3-4'...
 1 50 | 5-6'...
 2 50

 Charles Sargent. L.M., A. Heavily spurred and incurved;

 violet-blue.
 Each
 Each

 2-3'.
 \$1 00 | 4-5'.
 \$1 85

 3-4'.
 1 35 | 5-6'.
 2 50

Lilac prices are F. O. B. Weiser Park.
Shipment by Express or Freight



A Collection of Farr's French Hybrid Lilacs gives real garden pleasure



Lílacs, in variety, can be used to advantage in borders with Viburnum, Philadelphus, and Spirea.
This group is in beautiful Wyomissing

### DOUBLE LILACS, continued

Edith Cavell. L., A. Cream, fading pure white;	extra
fragrant. Each	Each
2–3′\$1 50   3–4′	.\$2 00
Emile Gentil. L., A. Plump trussed; clear, cobalt-bl	ue.
3-4'\$2 50   4-5'	Each . \$3 00



Lilac, Leon Gambetta

103, continued
General Pershing. Slender; ereet; eompact; rich purpleviolet. 2-3', \$2 each.
Georges Bellair. M., A. Compact; billowy; wallflower-red.
2-3'\$2 50   3-4'\$3 00
<b>Henri Martin.</b> L.M., A. Long-stemmed; blue-lavender. 3–4′, \$2.50 each.
Hippolyte Maringer. L., A. Billowy; blue, eentered white.
Each Each ©1.00   4.77
2-3'\$1 00   4-5'\$2 00
Jean Mace. L.M., A. Plump and billowy; blue.
Each Each
3-4'\$2 00   4-5'\$2 50
Jeanne d'Arc. L., V. Coekled; stamenless; slender; white.
Each Each 2–3'\$1 50   4–5'\$2 50
3-4'
Jules Ferry. M., A. Symmetrieal; silvery blue.
Fach Each
3-4'\$2 00   4-5'\$2 50
Katherine Havemeyer. L.M., A. Pink buds, opening blue.
2–3′, \$1.50 each. <b>Leon Gambetta.</b> M., V. Best double pink Lilae.
Fach Fach
2-3'\$1 50   4-5'\$2 50
$\begin{bmatrix} 3-4', \dots, 200 \end{bmatrix}$
Marc Micheli. M., A. Like President Poineaire, but bluish
pink. Each 4–5'
Marechal Lannes. L., V. Best violet-blue; extra-large
trusses. 18–24", \$2 each.
Michel Buchner. M., V. Blue, fading to pink. 4–5′, \$2 each.
Miss Ellen Willmott. L.M., V. Billowy; double; best
The second built of the Control of t
2-3'\$2 00   4-5'\$3 00
3-4' 2 50
Mme. Casimir-Perier. M., V. Free; white, yellow stamens.
Each S1 00 4-5'\$2 00
3–4′
Olivier de Serres. Tender bluish lilae; individual florets
larger than a niekel. 2–3′, \$2 each.
larger than a meker. 2 9, 42 two

### DOUBLE LILACS, continued

Paul Thirion. M., A. Best claret-red; long stems.
Each 2-3'\$1 50   4-5'\$2 50
3-4' 2 00
President Fallieres. L., V. A darker Leon Gambetta.  Each  Each
2-3'\$1 00   4-5'\$2 00 3-4'1 50
President Grevy. L.M., V. Compact; long-stemmed; soft
blue. Each 3-4'\$1 50   4-5'\$2 00
President Loubet. E.M., A. Extra dark rcd.
Each Each 2–3'\$1 00   3–4'\$1 50
President Poincare. M., V. Giant; compact; varicolored
and distinct; red and blue.
Each Each 2-4' \$1.50   5-6' \$2.50
3-4' \$1 50   5-6' \$2 50 4-5' 2 00
President Viger. L.M., A. Long trusscs; ashy blue.
3-4'\$1 50   5-6'\$2 50
4–5′
Rene Jarry-Desloges. E.M., V. Plump and massive; blue.
Each Sach Sach Sach Sach Sach Sach Sach S
Thunbergi. L., V. One of the longest trussed Lilacs. Rich
red and blue Fach Fach
2-3'\$1 50   4-5'\$2 50 3-4'2 00
Vauban. E., V. Extra free-blooming; pink and blue.
Each
4-5'\$2 00   5-6'\$2 50
Victor Lemoine. M., A. Unusually compact; azure-blue.  Each  Each
3-4'\$1 50   4-5'\$2 00
Viviand Morel. M., A. Clear deep violet-blue, white eye. 3-4', \$1.50 each.
Waldeck Rousseau. L., A. Pink with white center.
Each Sach Sach Sach Sach Sach Sach Sach S
William Robinson. L.M., V. Compact; pink, fading blue.
Each S1 50   5-6' \$2 50
3-4'\$1 50   5-6'\$2 50 4-5'
Mixed Unnamed French Hybrids for Hedges. Mixture

lixed Unnamed French Hybrids for Hedges. Mixturc includes strays and discards. Any hybrid is better than the common Lilac, and the prices afford exceptional and economical opportunity for a Lilac hedge or border above the ordinary. 2–3′, \$1 each, 5 or more at 75 cts., 25 or more at 65 cts.; 3–4′, \$1.25 each, 5 or more at \$1, 25 or more at 75 cts.; 4–5′, \$1.50 each, 5 or more at \$1.25, 25 or more at \$1.

### Farr Selection Lilac Collections

Those who order these Lilac Collections, of Farr selection, will receive good named varieties which, if ordered specially, would cost from 20 to 50 per cent more. Colors will be well assorted. Plants returnable at our expense if not satisfactory.

No. 1. Four French Lilacs in 4 named varieties, 3-4', Farr selection, for \$5.

No. 2. Eight French Lilacs in 8 named varieties, 3-4', Farr selection, for \$10.

# NEW YORK AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATION OF GENEVA, NEW YORK

Farr Nursery Company, Weiser Park, Pa.

My Dear Mr. Seyler:—The Lilacs arrived in fine shape and are all resting in their proper places. Please accept our thanks for the promptness used in filling this order, and also for the fine plants. They are excellent specimens, with exceptionally fine roots. Thanking you again for your promptness, I am,

Very truly yours,

L. M. VAN ALSTYNE.

NOTE. This order included 86 plants in 62 varieties.

### Which to Plant

Because we have discarded more than 100 lesser varieties of Lilacs, you can order from our remaining list, according to your price and color preference, with the assurance that every variety here offered is a "master" Lilac. All varieties are equally hardy. Type, color, bloom season, and rate of growth, as indicated, are the basis for selection.

### LILACS IN NEBRASKA

The new Hybrid Lilacs (Leon Gambetta and President Grevy) that I got from your Company arc sure the finest Lilacs that I have ever seen in any Lilac collection. I have 32 different kinds of Hybrid Lilacs that I have gotten from your Nurseries, and they have all been very fine.—Dr. Alfred N. Hagen, Nebraska.

FOR 19 YEARS

I have been and am very much pleased with your service since 1915. Have had all kinds of plants and shrubs from you. The Lilacs are a wonder to the town; trees are covered with blossoms. One thing above others I like—if things are not satisfactory, you make them so.—Mrs. F. R. COUGHRAN, Massachusetts.

WONDERFUL PLANTS

Have been enjoying the Lilacs so much and know next year they will be beautiful. Iris ready to bloom. You sent me such wonderful plants.—Mrs. Robert Campbell, Georgia.



Double Lilac, Mme. Casimir-Perier

Sales House of Farr Nursery Co., located 14 miles west of Reading, Pa., on Route 422. At left is shown the entrance to the west display garden which contains many desirable shrubs, evergreens, and hardy plants.



# TERMS AND SIX-MONTH GUARANTEE

### Six-Month Guarantee

Besides guaranteeing trueness to name and safe arrival, we will replace without charge, F. O. B. Nursery, any failures within six months after planting, if you think we or the plants were in any way at fault, provided the account is settled within regular 30-day terms and report of failure is made within the six-month period. You are to be the sole judge as to whether or not we should replace without charge. Please do not hesitate to report the slightest possible experience which might discourage your continued patronage or the recommending of Farr plants to your friends.

### Cash Discounts

We allow a discount of 3 per cent for payment with mail order before plants are dug; 2 per cent for payment within 10 days after plants are shipped or called for.

### Charge Accounts

We are glad to extend 30-day terms to established accounts; also to open new accounts, via references, if order amounts

to \$10 or more. On first orders for less than \$10, please send cash with order, less 3 per cent.

### Quantity Rates

The 10-rate is applicable on 5 or more plants of a single variety; the 100 rate on 25 or more. Five or 25 different irises, peonies, etc., are not priced at the quantity rate; they must be of the same single variety; *i.e.* 5 Iris Seminole or 25 Peony Festiva Maxima.

### Shipping Methods

Farr plants are specially and freshly dug for each order, and shipping seasons are limited to spring and fall, when plants are leafless or dormant, without recourse to coldstorage methods.

Orders should be placed during winter and early spring for shipment or delivery when the ground opens; or during summer and early fall for shipment as soon as plants become dormant. Prices are F.O.B. Weiser Park and delivery or shipping costs will be added to invoice or collected at destination.



This picture presents a view of the Tulip garden to the west of the Sales House. In spring this is aglow with Tulips, Narcissi, and other spring flowers. Evergreens and flowering shrubs form the borders.

# TRI-OGEN, Insect Spray and Fungicide

This complete Rose-Garden Spray Treatment—Tri-Ogen—offers the first definite mildew and black-spot control combined with an insecticide. It kills all insects, including the sucking and leaf-eating types. It remains on foliage, repelling subsequent attacks.

### IN FOUR SIZES

- A. Small Kit (makes 16 qts.)
   \$1 50
   C. Large Kit (makes 32 gals.)
   \$6 00

   B. Medium Kit (makes 64 qts.)
   4 00
   D. Estate Kit (makes 128 gals.)
   20 00
- Tri-Ogen has been officially adopted for the Garden of 6,000 Roses at the Century of Progress Exposition, Chicago.



Flowering Shrubs are important at Weiser Park. This block of Philadelphus Virginal is a part of the 30-acre shrub section, where 122 varieties of flowering shrubs are getting a good start in life.

The Farr Evergreen plantings cover 20 acres, and include 86 varieties which are "quality grown." Your selection will be dug while you wait, or will be tagged and delivered later. Our Landscape Department protects you against "the wrong tree in the wrong place."



# FARR NURSERY AND LANDSCAPE COMPANY

William Penn Highway (Route 422) between Reading and Lebanon

# WEISER PARK, PENNSYLVANIA

Telephone: Womelsdorf 43R2



Trumpet Narcissi

For complete list of Holland Bulbs see pages 6, 7, 8, and 9



Bed of Single Tulips



Specimens of Farr's Hyacinths